

Programme	B.Sc. (Hons) Agriculture (Major: Soil Science)	Course Code	SS-301	Credit Hours	3(2-1)
Course Title	PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF SOIL				
Course Introduction					
Physical properties of soil and their role in water and nutrient holding and soil conditions in relation to plant growth will be covered. The students should be able to measure and interpret the soil physical properties and their significance in crop growth.					
Learning Outcomes					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Students will be able to identify and describe the key physical properties of soils, including texture, structure, density, porosity, and color • Students will understand how different physical properties influence soil behavior, such as water retention, drainage, and aeration • Students will be able to apply various methods (sieve, hydrometer, pipette, feel) to determine soil texture and classify soil samples according to texture. 					
Course Content (Theory)				Assignments/Readings	
Week 1	Unit 1 1.1. Soil physical condition and plant growth 1.1.1. Soil Texture and Structure 1.1.2. Soil Compaction and Aeration 1.1.3. Water-Holding Capacity and Drainage				
Week 2	Unit 2 2.1. Soil texture, specific surface area and importance 2.1.1. Importance of soil texture 2.1.2. Specific surface				Write a reflective essay (1500-2000 words) that synthesizes the information from the readings and explores the connections between soil physical conditions and plant growth.
Week 3	Unit 3 3.1. Soil structure: development and description 3.1.1. Soil Structure Development				

	<p>3.1.2. Soil Structure Description</p> <p>3.1.3. Importance of soil structure</p>	
Week 4	<p>Unit 4</p> <p>4.1. Soil crusting and surface sealing with role in seedling emergence</p> <p>4.1.1. Soil crusting</p> <p>4.1.2. Surface sealing</p> <p>4.1.3. Management of soil crusting</p>	<p>Discuss the effects of soil crusting and surface sealing on seedling emergence.</p>
Week 5	<p>Unit 5</p> <p>5.1. Particle and bulk density: description and significance</p> <p>5.1.1. Particle density</p> <p>5.1.2. Bulk density</p> <p>5.1.3. Comparative significance of particle and bulk density</p>	<p>Highlight the importance of particle and bulk density in maintaining optimal conditions for plant growth.</p>
Week 6	<p>Unit 6</p> <p>6.1. Total porosity and pore-size distribution and root development</p> <p>6.1.1. Total porosity</p> <p>6.1.2. Pore-size distribution</p> <p>6.1.3. Impact of porosity on crop growth and development</p>	
Week 7	<p>Unit 7</p> <p>7.1. Soil air composition and aeration</p> <p>7.1.2. Soil Air Composition</p> <p>7.1.3. Soil Aeration</p>	<p>Examine the causes of soil compaction and possible remedies. Discuss different soil tillage systems and their impact on soil tilth.</p>

	7.1.4. Management and Improvement	
Week 8	Unit 8 8.1. Soil temperature and its management 8.1.2. Factors Affecting Soil Temperature 8.1.3. Management Strategies	
Week 9	Unit 9 9.1. Soil color: causes and significance 9.1.2. Causes of Soil Color 9.1.3. Significance of Soil Color	
Week 10	Unit 10 10.1. Soil consistency and strength and interpretation for soil mechanics 10.1.1. Soil consistency and strength 10.1.2. Interpretation for soil mechanics	How soil consistency is linked with crop growth?
Week 11	Unit 11 11.1. Soil water and water potential and plant available water 11.2. Soil water and its importance	
Week 12	Unit 12 12.1. Water and solute movement through soil	
Week 13	Unit 13 13.1. Soil compaction: causes and remedies 13.1.1. Impact of soil compaction 13.1.2. Possible strategies to combat soil compaction	

Week 14	Unit 14 14.1. Soil tillage systems and tilth	
Week 15	Unit 15 15.1. Soil physical environment and root architecture 15.1.1. Physical environment of rhizosphere	
Week 16	15.1.2. Root architecture and its link with soil	
Course Content (Practical)		Assignments/Readings
Week 1	Unit 1 1.1. Textural analysis: sieve, hydrometer, pipette and feel methods-Lecture 1.1.1. Sieve Method for Soil Texture Analysis 1.1.2. Principles and procedure of sieve analysis 1.1.3. Hydrometer Method for Soil Texture Analysis 1.1.4. Principles and procedure of hydrometer analysis	
Week 2	1.1.5. Textural analysis: sieve, hydrometer, pipette and feel methods-Practical	Practical notebook completion
Week 3	Unit 2 2.1. Determination of bulk and particle density 2.1.1. Concepts of bulk and particle density 2.1.2. Laboratory techniques for measurement	
Week 4	2.1.3. Determination of bulk and particle density-Practical	Practical notebook completion
Week 5	Unit 3 3.1. Total soil porosity estimation 3.1.2. Relationship between bulk density and porosity 3.1.3. Techniques for estimating soil porosity	
Week 6	3.1.4. Total soil porosity estimation-Practical	Practical notebook completion

Week 7	Unit 4 4.1. Aggregate stability estimation 4.1.1. Importance of aggregate stability 4.1.2. Methods for measuring aggregate stability		
Week 8	Unit 5 5.1. Measurement of soil water contents 5.1.1. Methods for measuring soil moisture	Practical completion	notebook
Week 9	5.1.2. Practical exercises on soil water content measurement		
Week 10	Unit 6 6.1. Measurement of soil temperature 6.1.2. Importance of soil temperature 6.1.3. Techniques for measuring soil temperature	Practical completion	notebook
Week 11	Unit 7 7.1. Soil color and its interpretation 7.1.1. Soil color as an indicator of soil properties 7.1.3. Methods for determining and interpreting soil color		
Week 12	7.1.4. Soil color and its interpretation-Practical	Practical completion	notebook
Week 13	Unit 8 9.1. Determination of soil strength/soil penetrometer resistance 9.1.2. Principles of soil strength and penetrometer resistance 9.1.3. Techniques for measuring soil strength		
Week 14	9.1.4. Determination of Soil Strength-Practical	Practical completion	notebook
Week 15	9.1.5. Hands-on Review: Texture and Density 9.1.6. Review and practice of sieve, hydrometer, pipette methods 9.1.7. Practice with bulk and particle density determination		

Week 16	<p>9.1.8. Hands-on Review: Porosity and Stability</p> <p>9.1.9. Review and practice of total soil porosity estimation</p> <p>9.1.10. Practice with aggregate stability estimation</p>	<p>Practical notebook completion</p>
Textbooks and Reading Material		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Brady, N.C. and R.R. Weil. 2009. Elements of the Nature and Properties of Soils. 3rd Ed. Pearson Education, Upper Saddle River, NJ, USA. 2. Hillel, D. 2004. Introduction to Environmental Soil Physics. Elsevier, San Diego, CA, USA. 3. Hillel, D. 2008. Soil in the Environment: Crucible of Terrestrial Life. Elsevier Inc., Burlington, MA, USA. 4. Jury, W. A. and R. Horton. 2004. Soil Physics. 6th Ed. John Wiley & Sons. Inc., NY, USA 		
Teaching Learning Strategies		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Multimedia 2. White Board 3. Group discussion 4. Quiz/Assignments 5. Demonstration/Activity 		
Assignments: Types and Number with Calendar		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Write a reflective essay (1500-2000 words) that synthesizes the information from the readings and explores the connections between soil physical conditions and plant growth. 2. Discuss the effects of soil crusting and surface sealing on seedling emergence. 3. Examine the causes of soil compaction and possible remedies. Discuss different soil tillage systems and their impact on soil tilth. 4. How soil consistency is linked with crop growth? 5. Practical notebook completion 		

Assessment

Sr. No.	Elements	Weightage	Details
1.	Midterm Assessment	35%	Written Assessment at the mid-point of the semester.
2.	Formative Assessment	25%	Continuous assessment includes: Classroom participation, assignments, presentations, viva voce, attitude and behavior, hands-on-activities, short tests, projects, practical, reflections, readings, quizzes etc.
3.	Final Assessment	40%	Written Examination at the end of the semester. It is mostly in the form of a test, but owing to the nature of the course the teacher may assess their students based on term paper, research proposal development, field work and report writing etc.